(21/2 Hours)

[Total Marks: 75]

- **N.B.** 1) All questions are **compulsory**.
 - 2) **Figures** to the **right** indicate marks.
 - 3) Illustrations, in-depth answers and diagrams will be appreciated.
 - 4) Mixing of sub-questions is not allowed.
- Q.1 Attempt Allthe Questions
 - (a) Multiple Choice Questions:
 - 1. Programs designed to affect performance and not damage the system are called
 - a) BOT'sb) Spywarec) Virusd) Worm
 - 2. Which one of the following is not a part of Metasploit interface
 - a) msfgui b) msfconsole
 - c) msfconsole d) msfpayload
 - 3. What is the first step in a SQL injection attack?
 - a) Enter arbitrary commands at a user b) Locate a user field on a web page prompt
 - c) Locate the return pointer d) Enter a series of NOPs
 - 4. What type of device connects systems on a shared network?
 - a) Routers b) Gateways
 - c) Hubs d) Switches
 - 5. Entering **Password::blah** or **1=1** into a web form in order to get a password is an example of what type of attack?
 - a) Buffer overflow b) Heap-based overflow
 - c) Stack-based overflow
- d) SQL injection

(b) Fill in the blanks (Use following pool to answer questions)

[DNS poisoning, Session ID, passive, Sequence number, MAC, SYN, active, BOT]

- 1. A______indicates where the packet is located in the data stream so the receiving station can reassemble the data.
- 2. In a ______attack, an attacker hijacks a session and then watches and records all the traffic that is being sent by the legitimate user.
- 3. A ______flood attack sends TCP connection requests faster than a machine can process.
- 4. A is an automated software program that behaves intelligently.
- 5. ______is a technique that tricks a DNS server into believing it has received authentic information when in reality it has not.

(15M)

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(c) Answer in ONE or TWO sentences:

- 1. Name any three threats in information security.
- 2. List different ways to detect DoS attacks.
- 3. What is session hijacking?
- 4. What are two types of buffer overflow attacks?
- 5. Mention any two VOIP Vulnerabilities.

Q.2 Attempt the following (Any THREE)

- (a) Explain the following terms:a. Keystroke Logging
 - b. Denial of Service (DoS /DDoS)
- (b) Explain the statement "As Security increases system's functions and ease of decreases for users".
- (c) Define a Worm and Virus. Mention the differences between the two.
- (d) Explain ARP poisoning in detail
- (e) What are BOTs and BOTNETs? Explain.
- (f) What is an attack? Explain in brief rootkit attack.

Q. 3 Attempt the following (Any THREE)

- (a) What is Footprinting? What countermeasures can be taken against footprinting?
- (b) Write a short note on phases of hacking.
- (c) Explain the need for repeated penetration testing.
- (d) Describe the implementation of Request Forging using XSRF/CSRF.
- (e) Explain Authenticated and Unauthenticated Penetration Testing.
- (f) Describe the several steps involved in Security testing plan.

Q. 4 Attempt the following (Any THREE)

- (a) Write a note on Covering your tracks phase.
- (b) What is password cracking? Explain various steps involved in cracking a password.
- (c) Write a short note on SYN flooding.
- (d) Describe in detail SMTP/Email based attack.
- (e) Explain the different steps adopted to secure a VOIP Network.
- (f) Explain Honeypots and different evasion technique.

Q. 5 Attempt the following (Any THREE)

- (a) Explain in brief DNS poisoning.
- (b) Describe threat modelling.
- (c) Explain internal and external penetration testing with suitable example.
- (d) Write a short note on cross site scripting (XSS).
- (e) Explain Metasploit in detail using Kali Linux.

(15M)

use

(15M)

(15M)

(15M)