



# Electronic Circuits and Communication Fundamentals

JUN 19

Computer Engineering (Semester 3)

Total marks: 80

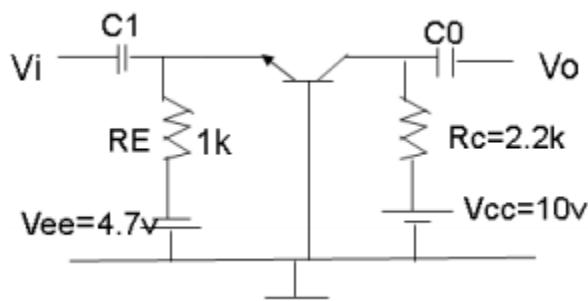
Total time: 3 Hours

## INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) Question 1 is compulsory.
- (2) Attempt any **three** from the remaining questions.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

- 1.a. Explain with diagram Input and output characteristic of Common base configuration. (5 marks)
- 1.b. List the ideal Characteristic of op amp. (5 marks)
- 1.c. Calculate the percent power saving an SSB signal if the AM wave is modulated to a depth of (a) 100 % and (b) 50% (5 marks)
- 1.d. Define the term Information theory. Give definitions for Information Rate and Entropy. (5 marks)

2.a. For the circuit shown in Figure below calculate  $V_{CB,IE}$  and  $I_B$  if  $\beta=100$



2.b. Explain how op-amp can be used as a differentiator. (10 marks)

- 3.a. What do you mean by Zero Crossing detector? Explain with diagram (5 marks)
- 3.b. Write Short note on generation of FMFM by Armstrong method. (5 marks)
- 3.c. Use op-amp IC741 to realize the expression  $V_0=5V_1+2V_2-3V_3$  (5 marks)
- 3.d. What is a Nyquist criteria? What is its significance. (5 marks)



- 4.a.** Explain Delta Modulation with neat diagram and waveforms after each block. (10 marks)
- 4.b.** An AM signal appears a  $50\Omega$  load and has the following equation  $v(t)=12(1+\sin 12.566 \times 10^3 t) \sin 18.85 \times 10^8 t$  volts  
Sketch the envelope of this signal in time domain  
Calculate modulation index, sideband frequencies, total power and bandwidth (5 marks)
- 5.a.** Compare PAM, PWM and PPM pulse modulation techniques. (10 marks)
- 5.b.** Explain the generation of DSBSC using Balance modulator. (10 marks)
- 6.a.** What do you mean by multiplexing? Explain TDM (10 marks)
- 6.b.** List down various parameters of op-amp with their practical values for IC 741 .Explain common mode gain and differential mode gain. (10 marks)